

# SIMINGTON DRY GOODS CO.

Good merchandise only---Quality considered, our prices are always the lowest

## JULY MARK-DOWN SALE

For the next 10 days, hundreds of money-saving opportunities will greet the store visitor on every turn. It will be CUT AND SLASH on just the kind of goods you are buying at this season of the year. We are OVERSTOCKED on many lines of DESIRABLE SUMMER MERCHANDISE, not seconds, shop-worn nor imperfect, but GOOD DEPENDABLE GOODS. We are making sacrifice prices in all departments to completely clean up all summer goods and make room for the largest and most complete fall stock ever offered to the patrons of this store.

### Opera Coats

Tailor-Made Suits reduced to about one-half their regular value; only a few left, but every one a bargain. Sale price .....\$8.00 to \$21.00

### White Princess Dresses

Choice assortment of one piece white lingerie dresses, elegantly trimmed with valencines and cluney laces made from the very finest sheer laungere cloth.  
\$25.00 Values now on sale .....\$15.00  
\$18.00 Values now on sale .....\$12.50  
\$12.50 Values now on sale .....\$ 7.50

### Dress Goods

Imported French Voiles---Colors navy, black, grey, white and champagne; our regular \$1.25 value; special .....79c  
\$1.25 Values, novelty dress goods, in all the popular colors and weaves; special .....94c  
50c to 65c Novelty dress goods; special .....39c

### Hosiery

15c Value boys' and girls' stockings, all sizes. ....9c  
25c Value women's lace hosiery, black and white. ....19c

### Black Sateen Petticoats

\$1.25 value black sateen petticoats, wide flounce and full skirt; sale price .....90c

### Lingerie Waists

20 per cent off our entire line of ladies' white lawn and net waists. 20 PER CENT OFF.  
Special lot choice white waists, elegant values for only .....\$2.19

### Suits

\$25.00 Opera Coat .....\$15.00  
\$30.00 Opera Coat .....\$17.50  
\$32.50 Opera Coat .....\$19.00  
\$37.50 Opera Coat .....\$21.00

Beautiful cream and grey broadcloth opera coats; full satin-lined with skinner's satin and neatly trimmed an opportunity to purchase a beautiful, coat at about one-half regular price.

### Long Fabric Gloves

\$1.50 and \$1.75 values, best quality, 16-button, long silk gloves, double finger tips, all colors. ....\$1.39  
\$1.25 value, 16-button, long silk gloves, black and white, only .....98c  
\$1.00 Value, long black Lisle thread gloves, all sizes, 65c

### White Parasols

\$2.50 and \$3.00 Values, white parasols, sale price. ....\$2.19  
\$1.98 Value, white parasols, sale price. ....\$1.49  
\$3.00 Japanese hand-painted silk, sale price. ....\$2.49

### Children's Straw Hats

25c and 35c values .....19c  
75c values .....49c

### Wash Goods

To close out the sheer summer wash goods, consisting of lawns, Swisses, Batiste, etc., we have placed on sale:  
25c Values for .....19c  
15c and 18c Values for .....12 1-2c  
10c Values for .....7c  
12 1-2c A. F. C. dress gingham .....10c  
Standard double width percales .....9c  
Amoskeag apron check gingham .....6c

### 25c Belts and Neckwear 25c

Having purchased a complete sample line of ladies' neckwear and white belts at a mere fraction of their real value. We have them now on sale, your choice, 25c

### Sheets and Pillow Cases

72x90 Bleached sheets .....49c  
72x90 Bleached sheets, best quality .....63c  
42x36 Bleached pillow cases .....12 1-2c  
8-4 Well known brand bleached sheeting .....24c  
36-inch Bleached Hope muslin .....8c

### TO PREVENT FRAUDS

#### Bills of Lading Have Been Unsafe Instrument

#### SO SHIPPERS DECLARE

Committees From Commercial Bodies Will Appear Before the Commission on Uniform Laws to Ask For Draft of New Bill of Lading.

NEW YORK, July 18.—When the commissioners on uniform laws meet at Seattle Wash., on August 20 they will be waited upon by committees representing the great commercial bodies of this and other cities and urged to draft a bill of lading to put an end to what the shippers term the gross frauds which they declare have made bills of lading an unsafe instrument of credit. The decision to have committees appear before the commissioners, it was announced to-day, was reached as a result of the announcement of the Interstate Commerce Commission that it had not sufficient authority to order the railroads to revise their methods of issuing bills of lading to meet the objections which the commercial bodies have raised against the instruments in their present form. It is the present plan to have the new bill which is expected to be drafted by the commissioners on uniform laws introduced at the next session of congress. A decision of the interstate commerce commission announced early this week contained recommendations embodied in the demand of the shippers but the commission decided that it lacked the power to enforce these recommendations. It was in view of this, and the belief that the railroads would not accept the recommendations of the commission that the plan announced to-day was formulated. The tremendous volume of business

transacted on bills of lading is apparent from figures of the year 1907, which show that goods valued at \$17,000,000,000 were shipped on the bills in that year alone.

The commercial interests have been trying for the past three years to compel the carriers to issue them separate bills of lading forms in order to differentiate between the ordinary receipt and the more important "order" bill which is used as a basis of credit in the transportation of the country's crops particularly the cotton and grain crops of the South and West and manufactured products. The shippers have demanded also that the railroads compel the surrender of the instrument upon delivery of the property to the consignee, several extensive swindles having been perpetrated against lenders by means of bills of lading that were not so surrendered. As the railroads have fought the proposed changes from the first, representatives of the commercial bodies of this city say they do not expect the recommendations of the Interstate Commerce Commission to change the situation at all. They believe, however, that whatever action is taken by the commissioners on uniform state laws will be approved by Congress, the commissioners consist of representatives from the several states, appointed by their respective governors. L. Mandel Baum of the Bill of Lading Committee of the Cotton Exchange; Theodore F. Whitmarsh, vice president of the wholesale Grocers Association and Chas. F. Droeste of the Bill of Lading Committee of the Mercantile Exchange, in interviews given out today all express the fear that if the alleged abuses are not corrected by Congress early in its session, credits will be seriously curtailed, and in consequence all commercial interests severely handicapped.

#### LABOR LEADERS WIN

Ignore Subpoenas Served on Them While in Denver.

DENVER, Colo. July 18.—Through a decision handed down yesterday by District Judge Allen in the case of the Thompson Marble Company

against President Gompers and the officers of the American Federation of Labor and fifty officers and members of the Denver Building Trades Council, the Trades Unionists gave first blood in the battle being waged to attempt to secure damages from the Union men in the amount of \$50,000 and to jail some of them for alleged boycotting. Also the plans of Geo. C. Mailey, attorney for the Marble Company, to have Gompers and the officers of the American Federation of Labor declared in contempt of court for failure to appear before a notary public yesterday suffered complete defeat.

Papers in the suit were served on Gompers, John Mitchell, John B. Lennon and James Duncan of the American Federation of Labor last week when they came to Denver to attend the meeting of the executive council and appeared before the resolutions committee of the national democratic convention. As soon as the summonses were served Manley subpoenaed the labor leaders to appear before a notary public to make depositions as to their knowledge of the case. On advice of counsel they decided to ignore the subpoenas and left the city. Judge Allen upheld the contention of the attorneys of the labor leaders that they were not compelled to make depositions in a civil case on the ground that their testimony might tend to incriminate them in prosecutions pending.

#### AIDED ROOSEVELT FUND

Peculiar Story of Guatemala President Giving \$10,000.

MEXICO CITY, July 18.—In a long article published under the signature of Dr. Herman Prowe, a German formerly residing in Guatemala, the statement is made that President Cabrera contributed \$10,000 in gold to the Roosevelt campaign fund in 1904. The statement appeared in the columns of Deutsche Zeitung, a German paper published in this capital. Dr. Prowe contends with all seriousness that this sum was paid to American Minister Hunter, then representing the United States at the Guatemala capital.

In addition to columns of matter

of similar tenor, he claims that Cabrera is favoring American residents to the exclusion of Germans and members of other nations. He maintains, that the past representatives of the United States have been persistently misrepresenting conditions in Guatemala which he says are more appalling than those which existed in Cuba during the Weyler reign or which have been recently reported in Hayti the Congo and Macedonia. Dr. Prowe claims the result of Cabrera's rule or ruin policy will be a protectorate either jointly wielded by the United States and Mexico or by one of the nations singly. Dr. Prowe names a number of Americans as being implicated in graft in connection with the recent Honduran trouble.

#### VOLCANO'S CRATER

The new Crater lake National park, in Oregon, already bids fair to rival as a resort for tourists the famous Yosemite valley. People are beginning to visit in great numbers, attracted by the unique and spectacular scenic features which it offers, and the approach to it, hitherto somewhat difficult, is being made much easier by a railroad now in process of construction.

Crater lake gets its name from the fact that it occupies the crater of an extinct volcano. Five miles in diameter, and nearly circular in shape, it is the deepest body of fresh water in America. Soundings have fixed its depth at 2,000 feet. Only one lake in the world, that of Baikal, is deeper—by 400 feet. In other respects, however, it is altogether unique. Encircled as it is by almost vertical cliffs which are reflected in the clear and brilliant blue of the water, it presents to the eye a spectacle unsurpassed.

As a great natural and scenic feature of this country, Crater lake ranks with Niagara falls and the Grand canyon of the Colorado. It is unique and in its way unrivaled. There are in the United States hundreds of extinct volcanic craters, but this is our only great one.

Think of it! This mighty hole in the summit of the Cascade range is nearly six miles in diameter and over two-thirds of a mile in depth. Once

upon a time it was filled with boiling lava; today it contains a beautiful lake of fresh water, which is encircled by a ring of precipitous cliffs from 500 to 2,500 feet high, without break or outlet.

The extraordinary depth of the lake naturally led to a widespread popular belief to the effect that it had no bottom. It is a familiar kind of delusion. Any small body of water, wherever found, whose bottom is beyond reach by the longest fishing lines is sure to gain the reputation of being bottomless. Within two miles of New Haven, Conn., is a cleft in the hill that is occupied by a large pond called Lake Saltonstall. Though considerably less than 200 feet in depth, it is declared by people who live in its neighborhood to have no bottom. No wonder, then, that crater lake, with an actual depth of 2,000 feet should be imagined to possess no floor whatever!—Technical World Magazine.

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#### LIPTON IS WILLING

Off-Defeated Irishman Wants Another Yacht Race.

NEW YORK, July 18.—Yacht challenge rumors for the American cup continue to crop out with considerable frequency this season but despite the desires that have been repeatedly expressed by Sir Thomas Lipton, the effort to draw the fire of the New York Yacht Club, if such is really the case, toward obtaining some semi-official modification of the present rules governing the deed of gift and a challenge have thus far been unavailing. The latest statement from Sir Thomas Lipton is to the effect that he is willing to challenge with a ninety footer, the largest size boat allowable by the deed of gift. No communication on the subject in any way has been received by the New York Yacht Club.

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## Selz Royal Blue Shoe Is Best for You

We see Shoes at as low a price as quality goes; you don't want them lower priced than that; if you do we haven't got them in this store.

Selz Royal Blue Shoe isn't high priced; but it is good quality; better than the price; as good a shoe as can be made.

We sell them because they're good to wear; give satisfaction. That pays us.

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\$3.50, \$4, \$5

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